The Pittsburgh Gazette

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 31, 1819. New Series, No. 173.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, at Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $4 per Annum.

C. Latshaw & Leech,

Have For Sale at their Warehouse, corner of Smithfield and Second streets,

An assortment of superior

Ten Plate Stoves,

FROM THE COUNTRY,

Also a general assortment of

Castings,

At reduced prices.

December 28.

Bean & Butler,

Have now on hand, and will continue to be supplied with, a quantity of the following articles, of their own manufacture, viz.

Corn & Grass Scythes, Sickles, Axes, Hoes, Screw Augurs, } Warranted of superior quality.

Spades and Shovels,

3d 4d 6d 8d 10d & 12d CUT NAILS,

And will furnish to order at a short notice, any article of manufactured Iron. In addition to which they have a large quantity of

No. 1, 2 & 3 Foolscap Paper,
Common and extra fine post ditto,
Super Royal Printing ditto,
All sizes wrapping ditto,
Bonnet Boards—

Also a quantity of

WIRE SIFTERS, RIDDLES, SCREENS,

And all other articles in the Wire line.

Manufactured Tobacco,

IN KEGS

Castings, Beaver, Racoon and Muskrat Furs, etc.

All of which will be sold low for cash, negotiable paper or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, December 24.

Kilgour, Taylor & Cowan,

Auctioneers

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CINCINNATI, (O.)

TRANSACT all kinds of business in their line, with the utmost promptitude and despatch, and from their strict attention to business flatter themselves to merit a share of public encouragement.

December 24.

Copperas.

THE proprietors of the STEUBENVILLE COPPERAS WORKS, being determined to sell their Copperas at a rate so low as to exclude the necessity of bringing it across the mountains, have ordered us to offer it at the following reduced prices—

500 pounds and upwards at 6 cents per lb
Smaller quantities at 8 cents per lb.

The quality is equal to any imported.

MASSON & M'DOWELL,
Agents for the Proprietors.

Steubenville, O. Dec. 3.

To Rent,

FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS,

Three Elegant Houses.

WELL calculated for any kind of business. The first is situate in Market street, nearly opposite the Allegheny Bridge, and next door to Borbidge & Tackaberry. The other two adjoining the warehouses of Allen & Grant in Front street, between Market and Wood streets.

These houses are particularly worthy the attention of men of business. Possession will be given any time before the first of April next.

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

November 19.

Bridge

OVER PETER'S CREEK.

THE Commissioners of Allegheny county, will receive proposals at their office, in the city of Pittsburgh, until Monday the 10th day of January next, for furnishing materials and erecting a Bridge over Peter's Creek, at or near where the public road leading from Pittsburgh to Elizabethtown, crosses said Creek, near Ferree's mill, in Mifflin township

JOS. WILSON
ROBERT MAGEE, } Commissioners
JAMES SAMPLE.

December 14.—3t

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

700 lbs. *Saddler's Skirting Leather.*
1500 do *Spanish Soal ditto.*

4 doz. prime Calf-skins,

4 ditto UPPER LEATHER,

—ALSO—

A general assortment of FALL & WINTER

GOODS,

And a complete assortment of New Printed

MUSIC,

AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

N. RICHARDSON.

Fourth street

Pittsburgh, October 5.

Blanks Printed Here.

Swetman & Hughes,

Manufacturers,

Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they continue their Manufactory at the above stand, where from their strict attention to business and the excellence of the workmen employed, they are enabled to execute every thing in their line in the best manner.

Orders from any part of the western country, promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 20, 1819.

Proclamation.

BY virtue of a precept under the hands of the honorable Samuel Roberts, esquire, president of the courts of Common Pleas in and for the 5th judicial district of the state of Pennsylvania, and justice of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in and for the said district, and Francis M'Clure and James Riddle, esquires, associate judges of the same courts in and for the county of Allegheny, dated the 6th day of November, 1819, and to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, on the first Monday of January next.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all justices of the peace, coroner and constables, within the county of Allegheny, that they be then and there in their own proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their office in that behalf appertain to be done, and also those who will prosecute the prisoners that now are or may be in the jail of Allegheny county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

MORGAN NEVILLE, Sheriff

Sheriff's office, Pittsburgh, November 30, 1819.

To Emigrants

HAVING associated myself with a considerable company for the purpose of settling a new place in the state of Illinois, opposite the mouth of White river and Patoka, at the foot of the Grand Rapids of the Wabash, (MOUNT CARMEL) with an intention to move as soon as practicable, have contracted for the making and burning of 150,000 brick, which I wish put up next season into buildings and the Bricklayer's and carpenter's work undertaken conjointly, the plastering and whitewashing included. Lands adjoining the Town, and town lots, at cash prices, and cash, a proportion of cash will be given in payment when the work is completed.

Having entered lands for the accommodation of settlers favourable to the views of the settlement, a considerable body adjoining the settlement and town lands, divided into lots of from 10 to 100 and 150 acres each may be had at the Congress prices, with the exception of the interest on the money paid, and a small advance to defray expences, &c.

I wish to employ some persons to enclose or clear lands for me, for which I will pay in lands at cash prices. I have a body of open and timbered lands, that I would lease from 5 to 10 years on advantageous terms to emigrants unable to purchase. A convenient farm to let, by an early application to the Agent may be had.

A canal for boats and water works around the Grand Rapids of the Wabash, a company is forming to commence opening next season, that will afford employment for labourers, and no inconsiderable inducement to capitalist to invest their funds in the establishment. Considerable encouragement and aid have already been tendered for that purpose by emigrants from the Eastern States. The river is open for navigation from this place to New-Orleans all the year.

Application may be made to WM. BEAUCHAMP the Agent for the establishment, residing in Mount Carmel, or to the subscriber, residing at present in New-port. None need apply but moral characters.

THOMAS S. HINDS.

Newport, Ken. Nov. 16 6

LOST,

A PROMISSORY NOTE

DRAWN on the 1st day of September last, payable five months after date, by John B. Butler in favour of James C. Butler—amount $127 25 cents. The finder of said note shall be liberally compensated, by returning it to the subscriber.

JAMES C. BUTLER.

Pittsburgh, December 21.

Spanish Soal Leather

AND

BUFFALOE ROBES.

The subscribers have just received

5000

lbs best Span. Soal Leather

AND

20 Bales Buffaloe Robes,

Which they offer low for Cash.

ROSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, August 31. tf

☞ On hand a few Kegs prime HOG'S LARD and half a ton of TALLOW.

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bandry, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819.

A Most Valuable Estate

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

WESTERN HOTEL,

No. 228 MARKET STREET,

Sign of General Washington.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has taken that well known establishment in Market street, next door to the Pittsburgh Mail Stage Office, and lately occupied by Mr. George Yohe. To those who have been accustomed to resort to this house, it is unnecessary to point out its superior advantages. For the information of others we deem it necessary to state that its situation is central, high, healthy and convenient to business; an extensive range of back buildings, consisting of lodging rooms, afford a fine view of the city to the eastward, and admit a free and uninterrupted circulation of air—and what will give them a decided preference in the opinion of many, is the attachment thereto of balconies, so constructed as not only to afford pleasant promenades, but easy means of escape in the event of any necessity from any sudden alarm of fire. The great Western Stages start every morning from the door, and on the premises is one of the best Livery Stables in the city, conducted by Mr. John Tomlinson, where travellers' horses will be faithfully attended to. With these advantages, and some other improvements now making added to his own unremitted exertions to please, the subscriber confidently hopes for, and very respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

R. Smith.

Philadelphia, August 11.—[illegible]

A BREWERY, pleasantly situated on the bank of the Ohio river in the town of Gallipolis, county of Gallia and state of Ohio.

This Brewery is in complete operation, and has all the necessary buildings &c. adjoining the same, such as malt house, kiln, pump &c. There is a piece of woodland attached to the property, where timber and firewood can be obtained in any quantity, for the use of the brewery. Barley can also be had on reasonable terms from the farmers in the neighbourhood, who now attend pretty largely to the cultivation thereof.

This brewery is in a fine situation for business—4 miles below the mouth of the Great Kenhawa, on which river any quantity of malt liquors can be sold for the consumption of the Salt works.

The buildings and pump are calculated for the establishment of a Distillery, which would be of great advantage in Gallipolis where there is none.

Terms will be made easy and accommodating, or further particulars, apply to

PETER MAGNIER.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 15

Allegheny BRIDGE.

THE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE is now opened for the passage of travellers on foot or on horseback, and for light carriages.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE

RATES OF TOLL.

	Cents.
For every foot passenger	2
For every carriage of whatever description used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 6 horses.	75
For every such carriage drawn by 5 horses,	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 4 horses,	50
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	31
For every carriage of whatever description for the purpose of personal accommodation or pleasure, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 4 horses,	75
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	37
For every carriage of whatever description, used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having two wheels and drawn by 4 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	31
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	18
For every chair or other 2 wheeled carriage of pleasure, for every horse therein,	18
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 4 horses,	37½
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 3 horses,	31
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 2 horses,	25
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 1 horse,	12½
For every horse, mare or gelding with a rider,	6
For every horse mare or gelding without a rider,	6
For every carriage drawn by oxen, or partly by oxen and partly by horses, to be rated in the proportion of 2 oxen for 1 horse, and in all cases a mule to be rated in the same proportion as a horse,	
For every head of horned or muley cattle,	4
For every head of sheep or swine,	2

Not more than TEN head of Cattle shall be permitted to cross at the same time.

Horses or Cattle are not permitted to be rode or driven at a faster gait than a walk.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jun. Treas'r.

Pittsburgh, November 2.

Wm. Hill & Brothers,

OFFER FOR SALE,

300 Barrels Lake Salt,

40 Barrels Peas,
3 casks Trace Chains,
2 do Log do
15 Kegs Butter,
15 boxes Claret,
100 do Rosin Soap,
10 dozen Wool Hats,
Reams Writing and Wrapping Paper.
Bright and Blacksmith Vises,
Kegs Rappee Snuff—

A fresh assortment of

DRY GOODS,

AND HARDWARE, Wholesale and Retail.

Pittsburgh, December 10, 1819.—2awtf.

CASH.

I HAVE determined to sell my FARM, at the fork of Chartier's creek, in the county of Washington, fifteen miles from Pittsburgh, consisting of about 214 acres, so low for CASH as to make it a great object for any one having the command of money. Its advantages in point of soil, timber, water, sugar camps, neighbourhood, proximity to mills, markets, the turnpike road from Washington to Pittsburgh, meeting houses and an excellent college, are well known—Added to these, some enterprising individuals of capital, are now boring for Salt within a quarter of a mile of it, at a lick which has produced salt from the surface, so that no doubt is entertained of their success. This will be useful, not only to the vicinity in general, but it will be of peculiar benefit to the tract hereby offered for sale, as it will afford a constant market for the stone coal with which the land abounds. I will give the purchaser a PATENT in my own name and a *general warranty* deed. The title is indisputable. I am willing to dispose of eight or ten other tracts, on moderate terms.

THOMAS MORGAN.

Washington, Pa. September 24, 1819.

Washington Hall,

SIGN OF THE

GOLDEN LAMB.

STEUBENVILLE.

THE COLLIER, in the new three story brick building, a few rods south-west of the court-house, and at the west end of the Market house, Steubenville, with the above named sign. He pledges himself to keep a quiet and orderly house, and to supply his guests with the best accommodations the country affords.

A Reading Room

is attached to the establishment, free of access to the traveller and stranger, which is regularly supplied with the best Newspapers from Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington city, Richmond, Pittsburgh, Detroit, Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville, New-Orleans, Columbus, and many other places, and also with Magazines from London, Edinburgh, and Boston.

[illegible] 1819. 12N4

H. Bonnet and Renaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly receive large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLE SKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace reticule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19. ——

Houses for Rent.

AN elegant, large and convenient Dwelling House, next door to the Post-office, very suitable for a large family, or for a person who would wish to keep boarders. There is a pump and cistern of soft water in the yard adjoining the kitchen and a pump of good spring water at the front of the house. The rent will be moderate, and immediate possession can be given.

ALSO,

THE WAREHOUSE,

and dwelling house, next door to the above—now in the occupancy of Townsend & Wickersham. Possession given the first of April next. For particulars enquire of the subscriber, next door to the Post office.

GEO. MILTENBERGER.

December 14.

Important!

THE subscriber has been authorised by the owner to offer FOR SALE,

11 FARMS,

Five of which lie in Switzerland county, and six in Franklin county, Indiana—Also

Several Houses and Lots,

In the towns of Vevay and Brookville, Indiana, for which Castings, Bar Iron, Cut-Nails, Shovels Spades, Hardware, Cutlery, Dry Goods, Queensware, Groceries, Leather, Flour, Pork, Wheat, Indian Corn and Irish Potatoes, will be received in payment at cash prices. One third to be paid down, and the other two thirds in one and two years.

Good and sufficient titles can be made. Apply to the subscriber at Vevay, Indiana.

C. S. STEVENS.

November 4.—— 268w

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

UNIATA BAR IRON,
Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentuck Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Sugars,
Rappee & Scotch snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Red cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,
Coffee mills, Window glass,
Curry combs, Screw augers,

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of WOODS and HARPUR, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by John Woods.

JOHN WOODS,
JAS. H. HARPUR.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 1st 1819.

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE stockholders in said company are informed that an election will be held on Monday the third day January next, at the house of Thomas Neel in Versailles township, Allegheny county, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of choosing by ballot, a President, twelve managers and a treasurer, to conduct the affairs of the company for the ensuing year.

JAMES FLEMING, *Treasurer.*

Washington & Pittsburgh

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE Stockholders in the said Company are hereby notified that an election will be held at the house of Mrs. Morrow, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the first Monday in January next between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 3 P. M. for one President, eight Managers and one Treasurer, to serve for one year.

Defaulters in paying the instalments called for by the managers, will observe that except the arrearages are paid into the Treasury, they are excluded by law from voting.

S. MURDOCH, Sec.

December 3.

Practice of Law

JAMES S. CRAFT, Esq. is associated with me in my professional business, and may be at all times consulted by my clients. We have opened our office in the Diamond, north of the court-house, where one or both of us may be found at all times by persons willing to entrust us with their business. Mr. Craft is a gentleman of sound legal knowledge and great industry and by our united attention, diligence and punctuality, it is expected the business of our clients will be promptly and well done.

WALTER FORWARD.

PATENT PLOUGHS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.—— tf

Caution.

WHEREAS my wife *Ann Heth*, has left my bed and board without any just cause, this is therefore to warn all persons from harbouring or trusting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debt of her contracting.

WILKINS HETH.

Mifflin township,
Allegheny County, Nov. 24.

Pittsburgh Gaz[ette]

TUESDAY MORNING, D[ec.] 1819.

Extract from a *real* letter, not manufactured in Pittsburgh, to one of the Editors of the Gazette, dated

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1, 1819.

"Notwithstanding the severity in which you have sometimes indulged towards us; your paper has done much good. It has had the effect of bringing the great interest of the state before the public, and the eastern people, since your commencement, have turned their attention seriously to the West. But why are you obliged to bear the brunt alone? Have you no other papers in Pittsburgh—or are your editors so absorbed in petty questions of party politics as to forget the vital interests of the country? You are perhaps mistaken in supposing that we are not well disposed towards the western country, or that we are not aware that our interests and yours are intimately blended; but I cannot defend the utter carelessness and inactivity of our citizens on this subject. Your enterprising people have set a good example, which I hope will be followed throughout the state. But do not charge us with *ignorance*—the difference between us is, that 'the Athenians *know* what is right, but the Lacedæmonians *practise* it."

Pennsylvania Legislature.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

DECEMBER 16.

The house having resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Weaver in the chair, proceeded to the resolutions instructing our senators and requesting our representatives in congress to vote against the admission of any territory into the Union as a state, without prohibiting the further introduction of slavery into such territory. On motion of Mr. W. J. Duane the first resolution was amended, so as to *request* both the senators and representatives, instead of *instructing* the senators; on the subject. As soon as the house took up the preceding resolutions, Mr. Randall moved to reinstate the words, "our senators be *instructed*" in order to assert the right of the legislature to instruct them. Mr. Hill, said, that the late precedents on the journals, of the house were in favor the other way. To *request* would read better, and was more decorous, than to *instruct*.

Mr. Randall, adverted to the nature of our representative democracy. He spoke of the peculiar organization of our government. The right to instruct our senators clearly resulted from these. It would, he thought, be an anomaly in *our* government, if we had a right to *elect* our senators, without the right to *control* them, we have the same right to instruct them, that the people have to instruct *their* representatives: and do not the people possess the right to bring them to the bar of public opinion.

Mr. W. J. Duane remarked, that, the longer he lived, the less confidence he had in himself and in his own judgment. He was not certain that he would not to-morrow change the opinions he expressed to-day He had never doubted the power of the state legislatures on this subject, till within a few days. Within that time, he had become convinced that they had no such right. It was impracticable to carry it into effect. It was the same with us, as with the electors of president in this respect. They could *elect*, but certainly not *instruct* him. Why should we, elected but for one year, have a right to instruct the senators chosen by another and a different legislature? The only power to instruct belonged to the people, assembled in counties or districts.

Mr. Todd, wishing time to examine this question moved a postponement.

Mr. Thackara opposed the motion. The subject of slavery in Missouri was now before congress, and the house ought not to suspend these resolutions. He urged their speedy adoption. Were we forever to be represented in congress by the representatives of slaves? Were we going to entail on unborn millions, the odious principle of slavery? Forbid it Heaven! Forbid it the spirit that emanated from our sires. Shall we hesitate for this metaphysical doctrine of instruction? Where the liberty and happiness of millions were concerned, here we were on this simple abstract word "*instruct*" suspending the action of this resolution. He hoped it would not be postponed.

The motion to postpone was lost.

Mr. Randall, gloried unpretentiously adhering to the republican doctrine of instruction. The state sovereignties were the bantlings of republican governments. Who were the state sovereignties? The people? No. The legislature the officers of state, constituted or stood in the place of these sovereignties. The legislatures were permanent; they always had it in their power to instruct their senators.

Mr. Lehman, said, the federal constitution granted all legislative power to congress. He could see in it the power of the state legislatures to *choose* their senators, but no power to *instruct* them was to be found there. He could never consent to degrade the senators into slaves; the creatures of the state legislature, as the gentleman had called them; the mere *actors* on the scene at Washington.

Mr. Wilkins said, so cordially did the sentiments in the resolution correspond with his own feelings and sentiments, that he was extremely anxious it should pass not only unanimously, but by acclamation. He did not wish to see it adopted by a cold vote. He was always willing to avow his opinions on political questions; he was willing to allow these young gentlemen an opportunity to show their republicanism. But why should the gentleman (Mr. Randall) take this time for it? Why pause on this resolution to arrest the march of this great calamity of slavery from the banks of the Mississippi to the shores of the Pacific? The motion of the gentleman is irrelevant. It smells of the shop. It looks too much like special pleading. Why weaken the resolution by tacking to it this motion, this abstract doctrine of instruction? Why let it be said, that it was passed after a long and laborious discussion? A *request* and an *instruction* would have the same effect. They bound the senators by the same ligaments. To request was more respectful. He was willing to consider our senators as the servants of the people: but in addressing them, he was not willing to tell them so: he was not willing to use that kind of language. He would now take the liberty to express some of his republicanism on this subject, if the gentleman would admit *him* to be a republican. The legislature elected the senators. They were amenable to the people. The moment we elect them, we are as to them *functus officio*. Have we a right to bring them before us, as a tribunal to which they are accountable? No. They are accountable to the people. He recognized in the people, a right to instruct them. We are sent here to legislate. Suppose the people and the legislature differ—suppose we were against the restriction on slavery in Missouri, and the people universally in favor of it as they are; which are your senators and representatives to obey? *We the people, the voice of the people.* That shews that the right of instruction rests with the people. The interference of the legislature [illegible] authority. You You have to control *their* memorials. congress. The right of instruction exists with the people, not in the legislature. Let the accountability remain between the senators and the people.

The question was then taken on re-instating the word "instruct" in the resolution and negatived—Yeas 13, Nays 81.

In the last Gazette it was stated, that Mr. Wilkins had offered a resolution respecting the judiciary, viz. The appointment of two additional judges to the supreme court. It may be proper to present to his constituents the substance of the observations in which he introduced this resolution.

Supreme Court.—Mr. Wilkins rose and observed, that with a view to improve the administration of law in the state; to remove the law's delay, and to place the Supreme Court in a better condition; with these objects in view, he held in his hand a proposition to increase the number of judges on the supreme bench. His own observation and experience satisfied him that this court, as now organized, was entirely inadequate to discharge the duties devolved on it. Since the constitution of the Western District, owing to the indisposition of one of the judges, they had lost three terms. That court was so constituted, that the most important principles of law might be settled by a single judge; and if one judge were absent, by an actual dismission on the bench, no judgement could be rendered. The same causes were sometimes argued twice or three times. The business of *nisi prius* had become so great in that court in Philadelphia, the causes so alarmingly accumulated, that the judges had almost abandoned them in despair. A cause might not be reached in seven years. They had to travel from one district to another in such a manner that the business could not be despatched; there was no time for deliberation or co-operation among the judges. This was our court of dernier resort. Our property and persons frequently depended on the fiat of a single judge. It was the only court of error in the state; the one which finally settled the law of the land, and he thought it ought to be rendered more respectable and have a more efficient organization. For these reasons he laid on the table the following resolution.

Resolved—That the committee on the Judiciary, be instructed to enquire into the expediency of a law authorising the appointment of two additional judges in the Supreme Court; and also into the expediency of abolishing the Lancaster, Southern and middle districts of that court, and forming a consolidated district to be held at Harrisburgh.

The Boundary Line.

We have observed in several of the U. S. papers, (says the Montreal Herald) a statement respecting this line, where it is implied that the loss of their forts on Rouse's point and the adjoining lands is made up to them; by the acquisition of territory they gain in other places. We would recommend them not to "lay this flattering unction to their souls." The labors of the surveyor and commissioners in that part of the river running east ward from lake Champlain is now completed for the season, and it is decided that through the whole state of Vermont, and as far as they have gone, the line now drawing is nearly one mile to the south of what has hitherto been considered the line 45. By this means an extensive tract of territory which has been hitherto considered as a part of the U. States, is found to belong to the Canadas.

KOTZEBUE'S JOURNEY INTO PERSIA.

Narrative of a Journal into Persia, in the suit of the imperial Russian Ambassador, in the year 1817.

By Morris Von Kotzebue,

Captain of the Staff in the Russian Army, translated from the German, London 1819.

It is scarcely possible to make a book of travels uninteresting, though so many travellers have tried the experiment. When a person has passed through a country, and designs to give an account of his journey, it is generally found expedient to make a large quarto; not only to shew that the author was very observant, but to secure an ample remuneration for his trouble and expense. His pocket book is accordingly put into the hands of some professed book maker, who straightway collects the works which have already appeared on the same subject, and, by dint of extracts and abstracts, contrives to swell out his scanty materials, and conglomerate the volume required. We mention this circumstance merely to shew that the work before us is a shining exception to the general rule. The English embassy to China has already produced three thick quarto's; and how many more are yet to be inflicted on the community we know not. The Russian embassy was equally fertile of original incident, and yet here is only a thin octavo of three or four hundred loose pages. The reason of this difference is, that captain Kotzebue, instead of compiling a book from the materials of his predecessors, has confined himself to an honest account of what he himself saw and felt. The narrative is, indeed, it has undergone in his hands nothing but an improvement of its style. The author appears to be a sensible, jolly officer: proud to be employed in arduous service: retaining his good humor under the severest hardships and privations; with a keen eye for the observation of men and things: and withal, a talent of communicating his impressions in the most precise and graphic phraseology. He is a little too prone, we think, to see things in a ridiculous light; his liveliness sometimes borders upon flippancy; and his descriptions now and then degenerate into caricature. But, with this slight exception, Captain Kotzebue will be found a most amusing, and even instructive companion; and we could wish that a man so liberal and tolerant in his views might travel over the whole surface of the globe.

The embassy consisted of Lieutenant General Jermoloff, the ambassador; two privy counsellors, a marshal, a secretary, a treasurer, a physician, four diplomatist, four aids-de-camp, a painter, a superintendant of police, an apothecary, a confessor, and other gentlemen, officers, and soldiers, to the amount in all, of three hundred. The account of their progress to Persia is replete with 'moving incidents by flood and field;' but in the few extracts which we can afford to make, we must confine ourselves chiefly to that portion of the volume which is devoted to Persia itself.

The party were frequently obliged to climb up steep hills, covered with snow, merely to slide down on the other side in the 'most ridiculous postures;' and the following short extract will at once give the reader an idea of their journey, and of the manner in which this book is written: 'The day happened to be the anniversary of the battle of Leipzig, and we did not fail to celebrate it. Notwithstanding that we were up to the middle of our bodies in the snow, we crawled, up to the cross on the summit of the mountain, taking with us a few bottles of wine, and there in a boisterous wind, that would have thrown us down had we not stuck so fast in the snow, we drank with three huzzas the health of the Emperor Alexander, then the allied armies, and afterwards the Ambassador.'

The following extract is, we think, almost a model of narrative description. The author passes from one thing to another by an easy and natural association, and in the compass of a few lines, runs through the whole domestic economy of a Persian.—*Philad. Union.*

'The houses of Persia are very slightly constructed, and generally consist of but a few rooms, mostly open towards the north? that is to say, instead of a wall there is a window with panes of variegated colors. It is shut during the night, but left open during the day. In the rooms are a number of cornices and niches, which the poor people generally paint white, but the rich decorate with beautiful flowers and gilding. In every room there is a chimney-piece, generally opposite the window; the floor is of stone and covered with carpets by the affluent, and with mats by the poor. Such, in a few words, is the description of Persian houses. Their rooms are provided with neither chairs, tables, mirrors, nor any article of furniture whatever. The Persians sit cross legged on the ground; they leave their slippers at the doors of their apartments. Their meals are served upon trays; and if a gentleman does not retire for the night to his harem, a pillow is brought to him, and he sleeps on the same spot. To take a walk is considered highly ridiculous, and even vulgar. When the Persians see a person walk backwards and forwards, they conclude it must be on business, or they look at him with astonishment, and even think him out of his senses. According to their notions, a man should be on horseback as soon as he passes the door of his house—At home he must sit with due gravity near the window, rest his left hand on his dagger, and, pompously waving the right, be loudly calling out, every quarter of an hour, 'Kallion,' to the gaping attendants, who stand on the outside the whole of the day. When he invites company, many of these Kallions are brought in; some of which are ornamented with gold, and even with diamonds. At intervals, confectionary prepared with mutton fat, is offered to the guests, together with sherbet and fruit. The company assure the master of the house that he looks as red as his apples, as brilliant as the sun, as placid as the moon; and they take leave with the wish that the roses of happiness may ever bloom in the garden of his destiny. The host returns thanks with a friendly nod, laments that he must from that moment be unhappy, as they had accustomed his ear to the sweet tone of nightingales: he then resumes his former posture, yawns and waits for sun set. that he may perform his devotions, and be able to say that he has smoked away another day. In the mean while the retiring guests look for their slippers in the anti-chamber, and courteously consume a quarter of an hour in deciding which shall go first: the most opulent or most distinguished generally yields condescendingly, and gracefully remounts his horse with a profusion of bows. Twenty or more of his idle attendants form a circle round him, take his horse by the bridle, [illegible] his home. The higher ranks are generally actuated by a furious disposition to plunder, and are particularly apt to speak ill of each other, which is their principal source of recreation. They frequently assemble in large numbers at the Prince's, and other great men, where they stand in the courts gaping at their excellencies and then return happy to their homes, often without having been honored with the slightest notice by them The towns in Persia consist of narrow lanes, of which the sides are walls, with little doors in them. In the gardens nothing is seen but espaliors of vines and fruit trees.'—p. 106—110.

* 'Kallion is the well known glass pipe, by which the smoke is passed through the water, and cooled before it comes to the mouth. As it is the business of the attendants to light the kallion, the finest flavor of the herb has all been extracted before the master receives it.'

LONDON, Oct. 9.

The two greatest planters of trees in Perthshire, and perhaps in Scotland, are the duke of Athol, and the Earl of Breadalbane; each of these noblemen, we are informed, has planted 60,000,000 trees!

A shirt without Seams.—Thomas Hall, an ingenious linen-weaver, in Ireland, has lately finshed a shirt entirely in his loom. It is woven throughout without seams, is very neatly and accurately gathered at the neck, shoulders, & wrists. The neck & wristbands are doubled and stitched; there is a regular salvage to each side of the breasts; the shoulder straps and gussets are neatly stitched as well as the wrists. In short, it is as perfectly finished, as if made by an expert seamstress. This shirt has been exhibited to several gentlemen in the linen trade, who have completely satisfied themselves, that it is actually the production of the loom, without any assistance from the needle.

An effecting anecdote is related in the French Papers. A young man took a dog into boat, rowed to the centre of the Seine, and threw the animal over with intent to drown him—the poor dog often tried to climb up the side of the boat, but his master as often pushed him back, till overbalancing himself, he fell overboard As soon as the faithful dog saw his master in the stream, he left the boat, and held him above water till help arrived from the shore, and saved his life.

To my Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE that I have applied to the court of Common Pleas of Indiana and commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the act of insolvency of said commonwealth, and that the court have appointed the 9th day of February next, for hearing me and my creditors, at the court-house in the borough of Indiana, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JOHN GIBSON.

Indiana Jail, December 30th, 1819.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 3d day of January next. all the right, title, interest and claim of Thomas Cannon, of, in, and to the following described part of lot No. 180, in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded by Water street, John Thompson, the other part of lot No. 180, and George Sutton, containing in front twenty two feet and one half, more or less, and extending back about eighty feet, on which is erected a two story brick house. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Thomas Cannon, at the suit of James M'Ewen.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the time & place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest & claim of A. & T. Gormly, of, in, and to a certain part of lot No. 187, in the city of Pittsburgh, situate at the corner of Wood and Front streets, containing on Wood street, twenty two feet more or less, & on Front street sixty feet, more or less; on which are erected a two story brick house and back buildings, subject to a yearly rent of 44 dollars per annum, Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said A. & T. Gormly, at the suit of Elder J. Taylor.

Also, by virtue of Sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of Henry Noble, of, in, and to a certain tract or piece of ground, situate on Robinson's Run, in Fayette Township, in the county of Allegheny, bounded by the town of Noblesburg, and by lands of Hoffman's heirs, widow Fink, Doctor Glen, David Laird, and others, containing five hundred acres, be the same more or less, on which are erected a large grist mill, a saw mill, and two dwelling houses, and a barn, and on which there are a large apple orchard, and about one hundred and fifty acres of land cleared. Seized and taken *in execution* as the property of the said Henry Noble at the suit of Samuel Mun.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of Isaac Craig, of, in, and to lot No, 144, in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded by Water and Front streets, and by lots No. 154 and 155, containing in breadth sixty feet, and in length one hundred and sixty feet, be the same more or less, on which are erected a two story frame house, and back buildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Isaac Craig, at the suits of .S. and J. Thomson, and to be sold by

MORGAN NEVILLE, *Shff.*

Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, Dec. 24, 1819.

To Let,

A TAVERN—Sign of the Ship.

A NEW BRICK BUILDING, with a Brick Stable, situate on Scots' Hill, opposite those elegant buildings, the property of the late Gen. O'Hara. Enquire of Thomas Stewart on the premises, or

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

ALSO,

The DWELLING HOUSE, in Third street, lately occupied by H. H.

December 2.

Windy Works !!

Pittsburgh Factory,

CORNER OF SMITHFIELD AND THIRD STREET

WHERE ARE MADE,

Forge & Tilt-hammer,

SILVER, WHITE, BLACK AND COPPER SMITH, NAILORS AND BRAZIERS

BELLOWS,

Of a quality equal to any in the United States.

Orders from any part of the Western Country filled with despatch, and shipped per order.

Liberal discounts made to merchants and others who purchase to sell again.

J. W. TREMBLY.

April 23, 1819. 2aw1m1aw2m2amtf.

TWO Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will have the preference.

Most Earnestly

solicit the attention of my friends and the public, to a

FRESH ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS

have added to my stock, part of which I have imported myself, and am now selling upon the lowest terms—consisting as follows, viz.

100 pieces Bombazetts,

Twilled & Plain—all colours.

30 pieces Bocking Baize and Flannels, many of which are fine white and scarlet,

Ladies Habit Cloths—all colours,

Superfine BROAD CLOTHS and CASSIMERES—all colours,

Plain, Cut and Imperial Silk Velvets—ditto

Straw Bonnets,

Black Lace Squares and Veils,

A large assortment of

Thread Lace, Footing, Edging, etc. etc.

JOSEPH ARMOREB,

Pittsburgh, December 28.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James C. Johnston, late of this city, deceased, are requested to call on the subscribers, on or before the 1st day of February next, and settle their accounts. After that date every note and book account, shall be placed without exception, in the hands of an Alderman to be collected according to law.

Those having claims against the said estate are requested to present them for settlement.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, } *Executors.*
NATH. HOLMES. }

Pittsburgh, Dec. 28th, 1819.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday, Dec. 31, 1819

The following extract of a letter seem-to contain some illiberal suspicions respecting the motives which influence the conduct of us editors; it conveys the idea that we sometimes *tergiversated* from mercenary views; this is intolerable, and nothing but our known impartiality could have induced us to publish an article which contained such unjust reflections on our *patriotic* and *disinterested* body. If our friend the alderman has an eye to a snug little office, what right has our Harrisburgh correspondent to meddle in the affair? and if the Prothonotary's office is the object of his devotions we are too well acquainted with Mr. Pentland's attachment to our republican institutions to presume that he would throw any obstacles in the way; he would rather like Curtius of old, devote himself in the glorious cause and afford in his own history a brilliant instance of voluntary submission to rotation in office; this sacrifice would be the more striking in the editor of the 'Statesman' as he has merely had a taste of the sweets of office, having only held his present appointment eleven years! a mere ephemeral business. In the event however of any difficulty arising, we will suggest a plan that may satisfy all parties. It is well known that the 'Statesman' unites three offices in his own person, viz. prothonotary, clerk of the sessions and clerk of the orphans court; it is equally well known, we presume, (and if it is not we now make it known to all whom it may concern) that as soon as our present office expires we shall be ready cut and dry for another—now our plan is, that the governor shall divide the three offices among the three editors. As the Gazette was presumptuous enough to speak a good word for Mr. Findlay even before the Statesman whispered any thing favorable, his excellency will of course give us the *prothonotaryship*; Mr. Snowden may have the clerkship of the sessions, in which he will feel himself quite at home, as he is an alderman; Mr. Pentland will accept of the orphans court situation, and he may perform the duties of prothonotary *pro tem.* If the alderman be not satisfied with this arrangement, he had better *tergversate* back again, to his late friends, who are laughing at him, for in our humble opinion the governor will not find his services even worth a clerkship of the quarter sessions.

Extract of a REAL *letter from Harrisburgh, to the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette.*

HARRISBURGH, Dec. 22. 1819.

"What is the matter with you Editors in Pittsburgh? You seem to be quarrelling about the Philadelphia road, where we supposed you would all agree, & to agree about the governor, where we supposed you would all differ. How does this happen? You cannot all expect to get offices—indeed, you and Pentland are already provided for in that way, and as for Snowden he is *too well known*—he has sold himself too often—but the worst of it is, that he raises his price so much at every change of masters, that he is not worth buying. I suppose that now nothing less than a seat in congress, or a very lucrative county office would suit him But he may be easy on that score; the present Prothonatory, although he has filled his office rather longer than is authorised by the modern philosophy of *rotation*, will not be removed, because he is said to be an excellent officer, and his political sins, whatever they may be, have not been such as would offend the present administration. But the Alderman has offended all parties, & the little man is so capricious, so waspish, and so mischievious, that it would be dangerous to trust him, and to put him into an office would be like turning a bull into a china shop."

The alderman says, the editor of this paper whined before the last election;—if the position be true the alderman must acknowledge that we whined to *some tune.*

The alderman says that we would have been quite satisfied with him if he had lent us the use of his paper last election; oh! no Mr. Snowden, this would have been too great an honor for a sheriff, and might have deprived us of our wits. Besides, if you had backed us as you did your friend Baldwin, we query whether we should have derived much benefit from you. "Did you call that backing your friends? a plague on such backing! you care not who sees *your back.*"

FOR THE GAZETTE.

A new Song to an old Tune,

To be sung at the Alderman's Feast on New-Year's Day.

In a newspaper sage, which I now mean to quote,
In the eighty-fifth number, you'll find it thus wrote:
"Ye who've nothing to write, better write not at all,
For to write about nothing, is all fal de ral."
Derry down &c.

Thus an editor sung, while the folks all amazed,
Were inclin'd to believe he was crazy or *glazed.*
But it's no such a thing, I'll make bold for to speak,
For there's stranger things happen each day in the week.
Derry down &c.

We've an *alderman* here who such gib'rish doth prate,
That the *clerk of the court* is constrain'd to translate,
But their readers confounded are often so vex'd,
As to swear the translation is worse than the text.
Derry down &c.

We've a Statesman who cures all political ills,
By drenching the folks with Mercurial pills;
But the physic's so bad that we see the humbug,
While we laugh at the doctor and swallow his drug.
Derry down &c.

We've a Mercury here, like the god of the Greeks,
Who conducted the souls of the d——d o'er the Styx;
Thus our Mercury ploughs the political tide,
And he ferries *the dead* to the *opposite side.*
Derry down &c.

The light finger'd Hermes as poets relate,
Before he was weaned stole off money and plate,
He purloin'd the rich girdle of love's pretty queen,
And the darts of Apollo he stole away clean;
Derry down &c.

Our Mercury thus, as the story now runs,
Cannot keep his sly fingers from other folks' puns;
But when seeking to steal from Apollo a spark,
The god *wide awake,* leaves him still in the dark.
Derry down &c.

Our new fangled god is a friend of the arts,
And like his great namesake he plays many parts;
Now in judgment presides with juridical frown,
And anon he writes squibs to enliven the town.
Derry down &c.

His political merits are not very few,
For he counts people's noses, and thus takes his cue,
But when he mistakes, as the best folks will do,
He rubs out the score, and counts 'one of the new.'
Derry down &c.

Then fill up your glasses, a health let us drink,
To his honor the Justice and knight of the ink;
And prepared let us be to replenish the cup,
When he *works off* the matter that now is *set up.*
Derry down &c.

Extract to the Editors, dated

WASHINGTON, *Dec.* 16.

'This day Mr. Sergeant, from the committee on the judiciary, reported a bill to establish an uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the U. States. Three bills [illegible] but were negatived. The report of the secretary of the treasury it appears will have some effect on legislation. There is no money to spare it seems, and the numerous private claims will, it is expected, get the go bye this session at least. Business progreses rapidly. Not less than 65 petitions were presented in one day."

Frank. Gaz.

INQUIRY INTO THE CONDUCT OF THE GOVERNOR.

TO JOSIAH RANDALL. Esq.

Chairman of the Committee of Inquiry, &c.

SIR—A letter addressed by you to George Bartram and others, petitioners, &c. having been laid before a meeting of subscribers to the petition, praying for an inquiry into the conduct of the Governor of this Commonwealth, they have requested us to forward to you the following charges and list of witnesses.

We are instructed to assure the committee, that if there be any informality in the manner of presenting, or irregularity in the form of arranging the charges, the informality or irregularity be it what it may, has arisen from any cause rather than a desire to be ambiguous, or a want of respect for you, the committee, or the House of Representatives. We are further instructed to state, that the petitioners have heard of various other acts of misconduct on the part of the Governor; but they are not sufficiently acquainted with the facts to mould them into charges: they therefore hope, that the committee will consider the petitioners as reserving to themselves the right to present other charges, if the testimony before the committee, or a more intimate knowledge of the facts, shall warrant them in so doing. The petitioners also wish to reserve the right to call other witnesses than those named, if others shall be deemed necessary to substantiate the charges, which are now, or may hereafter be adduced. We are desirous to inquire whether it is considered a matter of right, or an indulgence, for the petitioners to be represented during the examination of witnesses, &c. before the committee.

We are, sir, &c.

JOHN THOMPSON,
PETER CHRISTIAN.

Josiah Randall, Esq. Chairman, &c. &c.

N. B. The petitioners request to know whether the evidence, oral or written, which was laid before the committee of inquiry appointed in the case of Thomas Sergeant by the House of Representatives at the last session, and printed by order of the House of Representatives, will or will not be admissible as evidence before the committee of which you are Chairman? An answer to this inquiry is respectfully requested as early as possible, as upon that answer must depend the necessity of their requesting other witnesses to be called.

CHARGES

Adduced against his excellency William Findlay, Governor of Pennsylvania.

I. That the said Governor has on various occasions corruptly exercised his official duties, for the purpose of advancing his own private interests, rather than promoting the general welfare.

II That he has misused the patronage of his office to obtain pecuniary advantages for himself, family and friends, from applicants for offices in the gift of the Governor.

III. That he withheld the commission for the office of autioneer in the city of Philadelphia until he had ascertained in answer to enquiries, made with his knowledge by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, which of the applicants would consent to accept a commission burthened with a large sinecure; and that having ascertained which of them would accept a commission so burthened, the Governor immediately caused notices to be sent, and soon after the commissions to issue; one of these notices and commissions being in favor of said applicant.

IV. That the Governor has abused and misused his official patronage, by subjecting himself to personal obligations to various officers of his own appointment, by borrowing money, by endorsements and exceptances to a very large amount for his own use and that of his family; and that thus made subject to them he could not feel freedom, nor in the words of the constitution of Pennsylvania has he taken "care that the laws be faithfully executed.

V. That the Governor made an arrangement with an auctioneer to take a certain person as clerk at a given salary, and subsequently relieved such auctioneer from taking said clerk, and other official embarrassments in consequence of the said auctioneer and his family having advanced, and obtained loans of large sums of money for the use of the said governor of the commonwealth.

VI. That the governor accepted the resignation of a person as an auctioneer, and forthwith appointed another person, named by the individual who resigned, to the said office, he (the governor) knowing and being privy to the fact, that the individual so resigning was to receive a certain sum or sums of money at stated times, from the individual who was appointed in his place; the governor thus countenancing the bargain and sale of the office with the payment of a pension. [illegible] the governor withheld a commission until he had ascertained whether the applicant could produce a certain religious certificate, contrary to and in violation of the rights of conscience, and constitution of Pennsylvania, which declares that "no person who acknowledges the being of a God, and a future state of rewards and punishments, shall on account of his religious sentiments, be disqualified to hold any office of trust or profit under the commonwealth."

VII. That the governor corruptly issued a commission on the express condition, that the person therein named should, from time to time, pay over a certain portion of the fees to another person to whom the Governor was under pecuniary obligations.

LEGISLATURE OF VIRGINIA.

December, 15.

On motion of Mr. Roszel, leave was given to bring in a bill respecting certain poor-house lots of land in Loudon county—and on motion of Mr. Herring, to bring in a bill, "to extend the February term of the county court to Rockingham."

Mr. Borlaud submitted the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the committee of Finance be and is hereby instructed to enquire as to the expediency, at this time, of imposing a tax on the Branch Banks of the United States located in this State, and make report thereon.—On motion of Mr. Smith, of the Isle of Wight, this resolution was laid upon the table.

We understand that the troops engaged in the expedition to the Upper Missouri have cantoned about two miles above the Council Bluffs, on a spot well supplied with timber for fuel and building, and in a soil so rich that the troops which may remain there will be easily able to raise there own provisions. The post is called *Cantonment Missouri.* It is a regular square, the curtains formed by the exterior wall of the hut, and flanked by four square projections from the gate-ways. Lt. Colonel Morgan of the Rifle is now in command.

The troops, in their ascent, abandoned the steam boat Transportation at Martin's Cantonment, and went from thence to the Council Bluffs in 23 days (270 miles) from 6th to 29th September They had consumed 76 days, embarrassed with steam boats, in getting from Belle Fontaine to Martin's Cantonment (from 14th June to 29th Aug.) 350 miles.

The troops are amply supplied with provisions until the first of July 1820.

The salubrity of the climate is attested by the healthiness of the troops. Not withstanding their great exposures, for hours in the water, wet all day, and often lying in wet clothes at night, no increase of sickness took place; a circumstance very remarkable when contrasted with the unusual sickness which has prevailed throughout the United States.

Councils have been held with the Kanzas, Ottoways' Pawnees and Maha's. The object of the establishment of the post has been explained to them, with which they appear well satisfied, and often resort to it to gratify their curiosity, and to dispose of their game.

A subaltern's command has been detached to mark and open a road from the Council Bluffs to Charetton, which will diminish the over land distance at least an hundred miles.

The unusual richness of the Missouri bottoms were remarked to continue as far as the troops have ascended Timber however diminishes, both in quantity, & in the size of the trees, and becomes almost confined exclusively to cotton wood. In many places immense prairies skirt the borders of the river.

ST. LOUIS ENQUIRER.

A letter from New-Orleans, mentions that upwards of *three thousand* persons had been cut off by the yellow fever during the past season; and that most of those who had recovered from the disease, had since been attacked by the fever and ague.

Albany, (N. Y.) Dec. 14.

"I was hungered, and ye fed me—naked, and ye clothed me."

It gives us peculiar pleasure to mention, that some day last week, EIGHT LARGE WAGONS, loaded with *provisions, household furniture clothes and clothing,* all of the very best kind and quality, arrived in the city of Schenectady, a donation from the SHACKERS' SOCIETIES at New-Lebanon and Niskenna, for the unfortunate and distressed inhabitants of that city.

Charleston, Dec. 11.

Military Movements.—We understand that the U. States troops at present in garrison in this harbor, under the command of Captain Donahue, have received orders to embark immediately for Amelia Island.

Moral Lesson in Cards

It is possible the inventor of cards had a moral lesson in view. Let us suppose he reasoned [illegible] *diamonds* (that is money,) may get in a *quarrel,* which may introduce *clubs* that may occasion the necessity of bringing *spades* to dig a *grave* for his *carcase.*

This Day Published,

And to be sold at the Book-store of EICHBAUM & JOHNSTON,

The Trial and Defence,

OF

Lieutenant JAMES HALL, of the United States Ordnance.

December 31.

Museum.

The ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh, are respectfully informed that the

New Museum of Fine Arts,

Consisting of PAINTINGS and imitations of life, in WAX, by that inimitable artist, Reuben Moulthrop, esq. now exhibiting at the corner of the Diamond and Market street, will continue the remainder of this and next week only.

Among the Paintings is the Battle of the Constitution and Guerriere, covering several hundred feet of canvass.—Also, a delineation of the

Sea Serpent.

Admittance 25 cts. Children 12 years old and under, half price. Hours of admission from 9 A. M till 9 P. M. For particulars see bills.

December 31.

To Rent,

And possession given the first of April next,

THE TAVERN STAND in East Liberty, sign of the Cross Keys, now in the occupancy of Samuel Young. The House is large and convenient with good stabling and a good pump at the door. For particulars apply to Jacob Negley, near the premises, or the subscriber in Plumb township.

EPHRAIM JORDAN.

December 31.

A Gardener.

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to engage with any gentleman, who wishes to employ a person of the above profession. Sufficient recommendation as to character and capability can be given. Apply at this office.

WM. ELLIS.

November 31.

To Let,

That large and commodious Frame

Warehouse,

In Wood street, two doors from the corner of Water street, lately occupied by Foster & Doane—Immediate possession will be given. Apply to William Graham, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Pitt township.

WM. B. FOSTER.

December 31.

Steam Boat Frankfort.

ALL persons having any claims against the Steam-boat FRANKFORT, are requested to present their accounts within thirty days, for settlement, to the subscriber, Agent for the proprietors, Peter G. Voorhees, Martin D. Hardin, John A. Mitchell, and the Pittsburgh Steam Engine Co.

MAHLON ROGERS,
Agent for the Company.

December 31,

GRAIN.

75 cts. for Wheat,

CASH for RYE at Fifty Cents per bushel, and

For CORN, at Forty-five cents per bush.

GIVEN

AT THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.

DUE-BILLS of said Mill will be paid before due in almost any article the holder may want at cash prices. Being obliged to collect a number of debts through trade, we request those who supply us with grain to bear in mind that we wish to furnish the articles they may want, and hope for a preference as long as we do it on fair terms.

For Grain and trade we will also supply all articles of cash or wrought Iron or Steel and of Brass, Bell metal or Copper; such as Saw and Grist-mill Irons, Tobacco, Paper-mill, Fuller's, Timber Wheel and Mill-stone Screws; Brass cocks, Bells, etc—Also Stills and other Copper ware and Tin ware or any other article which may be ordered.

GEO. EVANS & Co.

Pittsburgh Steam Mill,
Stone Building Dec. 24.

To Let,

AND possession given immediately—a large BRICK HOUSE and kitchen, on the corner of Front and Ferry-streets; at present occupied by William Kepner, Apply to

ROBERT SIMPSON.

December 3—2awtf

David Bell & Co.

Corner of Market and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh,

Will Receive

In payment for GOODS at a reasonable discount, the paper of the following Banks, viz.

Beaver,	Meadville,
Center,	Huntington,
Canton,	Cleaveland,
New-Lisbon,	Dayton,
Lebanon,	Urbana,
Cincinnati,	Zanesville,
Madison,	Vincennes,
Tennesse,	

And most of the new Banks of Kentucky.

Dec. 24.

John Carstairs'

Systematic Hand Writing,

TAUGHT in a few lessons of one hour each at the Pittsburgh Academy. Application to be made to the Rev. Mr. Stockton or Mr. Bruce.

December 21

C. Latshaw & Leech,

Have For Sale at their Warehouse, corner of Smithfield and Second streets,

An assortment of superior

Ten Plate Stoves,

FROM THE COUNTRY,

Also a general assortment of

Castings,

At reduced prices.

December 28.

Kilgour, Taylor & Cowan,

Auctioneers

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CINCINNATI, (O.)

TRANSACT all kinds of business in their line, with the utmost promptitude and despatch; and from their strict attention to business, flatter themselves to merit a share of public encouragement.

December 24.

Bean & Butler,

Have now on hand, and will continue to be supplied with, a quantity of the following articles, of their own manufacture, viz.

Corn & Grass Scythes,
Sickles,
Axes,
Spades and Shovels,
Hoes,
Screw Augurs,
} Warranted of superior quality.

3d 4d 6d 8d 10d & 12d CUT NAILS,

And will furnish to order at a short notice, any article of manufactured iron. In addition to which they have a large quantity of

No. 1, 2 & 3 Foolscap Paper,
Common and extra fine post ditto,
Super Royal Printing ditto,
All sizes wrapping ditto,
Bonnet Boards—

Also a quantity of

WIRE SIFTERS, RIDDLES, SCREENS,

And all other articles in the Wire line.

Manufactured Tobacco,

IN KEGS.

Castings, Beaver, Racoon and Muskrat Furs, etc.

All of which will be sold low for cash, negotiable paper or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, December 24.

Wm. Hill & Brothers,

OFFER FOR SALE,

300 Barrels Lake Salt,

40 Barrels Peas,
3 casks Trace Chains,
2 do Log do
15 Kegs Butter,
15 boxes Claret,
100 do Rosin Soap,
10 dozen Wool Hats,
Reams Writing and Wrapping Paper.
Bright and Blacksmith Vises,
Kegs Rappee Snuff—

A fresh assortment of

DRY GOODS,

AND HARDWARE, Wholesale and Retail.

Pittsburgh, December 10, 1819.—3awtf

Notice.

THE assignment made by HENRY MILLER & Co. to the subscribers for the benefit of their creditors, is to be considered null and void.

I. DOANE,
A. BEELEN,
R. NEAL.

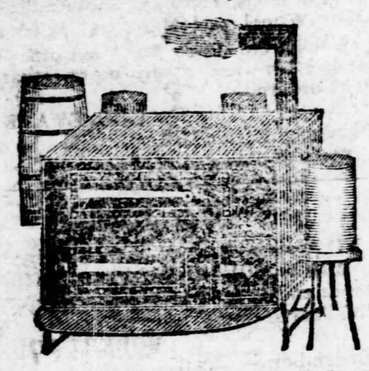
Pittsburgh, December 21, 1819.

Henry Miller & Co.

HAVE the pleasure of announcing to their friends and the public generally, that they have again opened their establishment for manufacturing Postly's Patent COOKING STOVES at their old stand, in Second street, two doors from Wood street, where all orders will be attended to.

December 21,

Charles Postly's Patent



COOKING STOVE

OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HENRY MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors from the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comprises every necessary article of apparatus for an extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do the cooking for small or large families, public houses and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simple in their construction as to be managed with ease by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baking roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency of meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to make a dinner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the same time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread.

A wooden vessel containing from twenty to fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boiling, for the purposes of washing, &c. All these are done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having got into very general use at the eastward, within 2 or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of New-York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale and general approbation they have met with since their first introduction last winter, west of the mountains, are sufficient testimonials of their utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the patentee the right for making and vending said Stoves in the [illegible] States, suitable for Parlours, Offices, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons residing in different parts of the country, have opened a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also appointed agents, as follows—Luther Stephens & Co. Lexington, Ken. Samuel January, Sen. & Co. Maysville, Ken. J. B. Bowles, Louisville, K. Joseph Litton, Nashville, Tenn. James Cochran, Madison, Indiana. Neal & Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co

May 7, 1819.

John Carstairs'

Systematic Hand Writing,

TAUGHT in a few lessons of one hour each at the Pittsburgh Academy. Application to be made to the Rev. Mr. Stockton or Mr. Bruce.

December 21.

☞ Persons of good capacity may acquire the art by strict attention in four ours.

David Bell & Co.

Corenr af Market and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh,

Will Receive

In payment for GOODS at a reasonable discount, the paper of the following Banks, viz.

Beaver,	Meadville,
Center,	Huntington,
Canton.	Cleaveland,
New-Lisbon,	Dayton,
Lebanon,	Urbana,
Cincinnati,	Zanesville,
Madison,	Vincennes,
Tennesse,	

And most of the new Banks of Kentucky.

D[illegible] 24.

Notice,

IS hereby given to all persons indebted to the subscriber for RECORDING DEEDS, Mortgages, Assignments, Articles of Agreement, Bills of Sale, etc. that if the money due for the same be not paid before the 20th of January 1820, their accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

P. GILLAND, Recorder.

December 24.

LOUIS ROCHAT,

CLOCK & WATCH-MAKER,

Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield streets,

THANKFUL for the very liberal encouragement he has received from the citizens of Pittsburgh, hereby informs them that the settlement of some business down the river, compels him to leave the city, and that those who have left any thing with him to make or repair, can get the same from G. LEMONNIER, an experienced Clock and Watch-maker, with whom I have left my stock, and authority also, to receive whatever is due to me, either by note or account.

G. Lemonnier,

will continue to make and repair any thing in this line. Patent lever watches, repeating and musical repaired and warranted, and work in general done at reduced prices.

The Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association,

HAVE RECEIVED FROM STEUBENVILLE

A handsome assortment of

EXTRA Superfine and Fine Blue, Black, and mixed

Broad Cloths,

Which they offer for sale by the piece at the Factory prices—for Cash only;

ALSO

COPPERAS,

Of the first quality, by the barrel & half barrel.

An assortment of

Cotton Yarn,

At the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices.

Glass or Sand Paper,

at the same prices.

August 13.——1aw8t

James Riddle & Co.

Market, between Third and Fourth streets have received and offer for sale,

Brazier's and Sheathing COPPER,

TIN PLATES—by the Box,

AND

IRON WIRE—*from No. 0 to 18*

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrstme with the same may depend on my punctuality.

Tacks & Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

Have just received a further supply of

TACKS & SPRIGS,

From the Factory in Massachusetts.

Their assortment is now extensive and complete, which they offer for sale on the lowest terms.

Domestic Coffee.

WANTED to purchase a quantity of

Clean Rye and Barley,

for which CASH will be given at the

DOMESTIC WAREHOUSE,
Wood street.

December 3.

I WILL SELL,

And take stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Ba of Pittsburgh in payment,

NINE ACRES of ground on the bank of the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, and about 200 yards below Robinson's Ferry—Also a Lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

Notice

ALL persons indebted to to the estate of RANDOLPH BARNES, late of this city, Bookseller, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscriber, and those having any claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDWARD SELDEN, Adm r.

Pittsburgh November 6, 1819.4

We have on Hand,

800 Reams Wrap. Paper,

CROWN SIZE;

120 Reams Medium Tea-Paper,
440 ditto Fine Quarto Post,
120 Gross Bonnet Boards,
100 ditto Band Box ditto.

For which we will take many of the uncurrent notes in payment.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

August 10.

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, on Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
30 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing Chains. &c. &c.

July 16, 1819.

Bauduy's BRANDYWINE POWDER

110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Philips & Stout*, in the Storage & Commission Business, in the Town of Maysville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm will please make payment to P. Stout, and those having demands against it will call on him for settlement, he being duly authorised to settle the same.

WM. B, PHILIPS.
P. STOUT.

Maysville, Nov. 13, 1819.

Storage and Commission.

P. STOUT,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has entered into the Storage & Commission Business on his own account, at the Ware House lately occupied by Philips & Stout, on Second a few doors below Market street, Maysville, Ken. where he is prepared with a large and commodious Warehouse and other suitable buildings to store all descriptions of Goods and country Produce, and transact all kinds of business on commission, and assures those who may favour him with their business that no exertions shall be wanting to render entire satisfaction.

He has for sale on Commission the following Articles:

2 Cases of Domestic Cotton,
200 barrels Coffee,
10 Chests Young Hyson Tea.
60 Barrels old Whisky,
100 Kegs Trotter's best Rifle Gunpowder,
Juniatta Bar Iron,
Roll'd do do assorted,
A few Faggots Steel,
Trembly's Smith Bellows.
Window Glass, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12;
Hollow Glass assorted—Gallon, Half Gallon, Quart and Porter Bottles from Bakewell's Black Glass Manufactory, Pittsburgh, of a quality not surpassed by any made in England.
Writing, Binders' and Printing Paper,
Wrapping, Pasteboards,
Munsel's Map of Kentucky,
A few set neatly bound Blank Books,
Cordage, &c. &c.

—*ALSO*—

A small Keel Boat.

Orders and consignments from abroad will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Maysville, Nov. 13, 1819.—6t.

Fresh Goods.

The subscribers have just received an assortment of

DRY-GOODS,

suitable to the season, which they offer for sale at very reduced prices.—Also,

A quantity of Rolled iron—nail and spike rods, and cut nails—Wrapping paper and Bonnet boards.

THOMAS G. LEA & CO.

December 3—12t

THE subscriber has just received an additions supply of

New Music and Musical *INSTRUMENTS.*

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes	3 to 15
Clarionets	10 to 16
Flageolets	1 to 9
Fifes	50 cents to 2
Violin Bows	1 to 9
Violencellos	40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

The Subscribers

Have just received a CONSIGNMENT of

European & India Goods,

AMOUNTING TO

$25,000

Consisting of a general assortment of

Common; fine, and superfine CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & COATINGS,
Flannels, Rose and Point Blankets,
Blue and Brown Plains,
Fine India and British Muslins,
Cambric and Book ditto,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Vestings, Silks, Hkfs. Shawls, Hosiery, India English Checks, etc,

Hardware.

8 Casks tinned Saddlery, assorted,
1,500 dozen Knives and Forks, ditto,
Chest, Door and Pad Locks,
6 Cases Pewter, assorted—

Together with a variety of articles adapted to the season, which they will sell by the piece or package, on the lowest terms for Cash or exchange for produce of the country.

JAMES W. BIDDLE & CO.

Pittsburgh, October 26.

$35 Reward

STOLEN, on Tuesday night last, from the stable of the subscriber, in Peters township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, about 8 miles from the town of Washington, on the old Pittsburgh road, and 3 miles from Canonsburgh, a

Dark Bay Horse,

Mixed all over his body with white hairs, rising 4 years old, shod all round, a star in his forehead, a natural racker, a small spot may be discerned on one shoulder a little whiter than the rest of the shoulder. Said Horse is supposed to be about 16 hands high—and is well built in every respect, and carries himself handsomely.

Whoever takes up said Horse, and returns him to me, shall receive twenty-five dollars reward and reasonable charges, or twenty-five dollars for such information as may enable me to procure him again—and ten dollars for the thief. A letter addressed to me, at Canonsburgh, Washington county, Penns. will be attended to.

NOBLE BEELER.

December 17, 1819.

Just Manufactured & For Sale, AT

TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also he exchanges between Eastern and Western unds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

REMOVAL.

Isaac Harris,

Has removed his store from the Diamond, to Mr. Samuel Thomson's new brick house, on the north east side of MARKET STREET, a few doors above the sign of the Black Bear, and Mr. James Brown's store. where he has just received

AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF

FRESH

DRY GOODS,

Hardwares, Groceries, and Fancy Goods,

Which in addition to his former stock, makes his assortment very general and complete.

☞ He has resolved to change his future business and sales into prompt payment in Cash or approved barter, henceforth to give no credit—In consequence of this resolution, he has marked his goods down to the lowest cash prices,

Almost every article of country produce & invoices of foreign or domestic merchandize, will be received in payment at *cash prices only.*

*** Those indebted to the Subscriber, are requested to make immediate payment in cash or approved barter at *cash prices.*—Those to whom bills for payment.

ISAAC HARRIS,

Market, between Fifth and Liberty streets.

Dec. 17.—3t.

Pittsburgh and New Alexandria

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE Stockholders in said company are informed that an Election will be held on Monday the third day of January next at the house of Newton and Miller, in Franklin township, for a President, Twelve Managers and a Treasurer, to conduct the affairs of the Company for the ensuing year.

JOHN A. GILCHRIST, *Treas'r.*

Dec. 3d, 1819.

N. B. Stockholders in Allegheny county, can be supplied with Blank Proxies, at James Johnston's Esq.

Monongahela Bridge.

NOTICE is hereby given to persons residing on the south side of the Monongahela river hat applications for CROSSING BY THE YEAR will be received at the Toll House, every Saturday, in conformity to the following Resolutions of the Board of Managers.

That subscriptions from persons residing on the south side of the Monongahela river, to cross the Bridge by the year, be taken on the following terms, viz.

The year shall commence on the first day of April next, and if any person subscribe after that day, he shall pay in proportion, and his time to end on the first day of April following.

The yearly sums shall be paid half yearly in advance.

A committee of the Board shall fix on the annual sum that each subscriber shall pay.

For which sum the persons of the household of the subscriber, together with their horses, shall have the privilege of crossing, and when they cross with any kind of sled, waggon, cart, or carriage, half toll for the same shall be paid as mentioned in the law.

JOHN THAW, Treas'r.

November 18.

Trotter's Warranted GUN-POWDER.

Just receceived and for sale by the subscriber

100 KEGS

Superior glazed RIFLE POWDER, Nos. 20, 24 30, and 36, manufactured at the Powder Works of Samuel Trotter, one and a half miles from Lexington, Ken. and warranted equal in quality to any imported from Europe, manufactured in the United States;

They have also in store, for sale, the following articles, viz.

JUNIATA BAR IRON,

Ditto Slab ditto,
Nail Rods,
Cut Nails, assorted all sizes,
Geneva Window Glass, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, and 12 by 18,
Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco,
Ditto Leaf ditto,
Common Segars,
Pig and Bar LEAD,
Spanish Soal Leather,
Feathers. etc. etc.

Adams & Hutchison.

Pittsburgh, October 22.

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of Anthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and adjoining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird & Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery No. 4.

At which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

Which will be received as soon as convenient for the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish to make enquiry before delivery, will please to call with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market and Second streets, or with the subscribers on the premises.

VARNER, COLWELL & Co.

August 17. tf

Dissolution of Partnership

THE subscribers, trading under the firm of Cromwell, Dobbin and Peebles, have this day dissolved their partnership by mutual consent—But inform their friends and creditors that their time will be mutually and entirely devoted to the settlement of their business. All those indebted to them, are now for the last time, solicited to pay their accounts, in order to enable them to pay the debts they owe.

THOMAS CROMWELL,
LEONARD DOBBIN,
ISAAC PEEBLES.

Pittsburgh, November 30—1aw3m

To Old Soldiers,

AND UNITED STATES' PENSIONERS.

THE subscriber for many years past has collected the pensions of several United States pensioners—And now offers his services to all pensioners who may apply to him.

He draws up the necessary affidavits, powers of attorney, certificates and vouchers, and with the generous aid of humane magistrates and physicans of this city, and good reponsible agents in Philadelphia, he is enabled to collect pensions promptly when due, at a very trifling expense.

☞ Liberal advances made when required by pensioners in needy circumstances.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

October 6.—5

Henry Bhearcs,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred.

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs-lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON,
President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. t

Axes, adzes and augers	Nails, an assortment
Balances patent	Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Bellows, smith	Planes
Brushes, an assort't	Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles	Plated Bridle Bits, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Blank books,	Shot
Biscuit and crackers	Saddles, Men and Women's
Castings	Scale Beams
Copper stills, counter weights	Steelyards
Castor frames and cruets	Sawmill irons
Chairs & cabinet ware, variety	Soap
Cutlery, a variety,	Shovel and Tongs
Coffee Mills,	Tobacco
Domestic cloth & cord	Tin Ware
Casinet and shawls	Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Drawing chains	Tacks and Sprigs,
Edge tools, a variety	Clouts and Spanables
Furniture mounting	Whips, Coach, Gig and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Grindstones	
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16	
Gun barrels assorted	Whiskey, rectified and common
Hackles, hatchets and hoes	Worlle Irons
Hammers	Wire Work;
Hats, an assortment	
Iron, bar and rolled	

With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.